

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

**LEVEL II BRIDGE SCOUR ANALYSIS FOR STRUCTURES  
121007710700/30700 ON INTERSTATE 77, CROSSING FISHING CREEK  
IN CHESTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA**

**By Toby D. Feaster and Stephen T. Benedict**

---

**Prepared in cooperation with the  
SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT  
OF TRANSPORTATION**



**Columbia, South Carolina**

**1994**



## UNIT ABBREVIATIONS

cubic foot per second	ft <sup>3</sup> /s
feet per second	ft/s
foot	ft
mile	mi
millimeter	mm
square foot	ft <sup>2</sup>
square mile	mi <sup>2</sup>
meter	m

## OTHER ABBREVIATIONS

North	N
South	S
downstream	D/S
upstream	U/S
flood plain	f/p
median diameter of bed material	D <sub>50</sub>
South Carolina Department of Transportation	SCDOT

---

In this report, the words "right" and "left" refer to directions that would be reported by an observer facing downstream.

Sea level: In this report, "sea level" refers to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929-- a geodetic datum derived from a general adjustment of the first-order level nets of the United States and Canada, formerly called Sea Level Datum of 1929.

**Level II bridge scour analysis  
for structures 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77,  
crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

by Toby D. Feaster and Stephen T. Benedict

This report provides the results of the detailed Level II analysis of scour potential at structures 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina (figure 1 in pocket; figures 7-10). The site is located in the high flow region of the Piedmont physiographic province near the town of Richburg in the eastern part of Chester County. The drainage area for the site is 134 mi<sup>2</sup>, and is a predominately rural drainage basin with little development in recent years. In the vicinity of the study site, the land is covered by moderate to dense hardwoods with a small-grain field covering part of the upstream left flood plain.

In the study area, Fishing Creek has a meandering channel with a slope of approximately 0.0012 ft/ft (6.3 ft/mi), an average channel top width of 78 ft and an average channel depth of 11 ft. The predominant channel bed material is sand (D<sub>50</sub> is 0.48 mm), and the channel banks consist of a silty clayey sand (D<sub>50</sub> is 0.48 mm). In general, the banks have moderate woody vegetative cover. During the Level I site visit on July 9, 1990, the upstream banks were noted to be relatively stable. However, the downstream banks were experiencing mass wasting.

The Interstate 77 crossing of Fishing Creek consists of twin 400-ft-long, two-lane bridges having eight 50-ft concrete spans, supported by steel H-pile bents with spill through abutments. Structure 121007730700 is the upstream bridge located on the south bound lanes and structure 121007710700 is the downstream bridge located on the north bound lanes. The left and right abutments for both bridges are protected by 12- to 18-inch granite. In this report, the words "right" and "left" refer to directions that would be reported by an observer facing downstream. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Scour Report Summary.

Scour depths were computed using engineering judgement and the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993) and the Transportation Research Board Draft Paper, "Evaluating scour at bridges using WSPRO" (Arneson and others, 1992). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in tables 1 through 8 and graphs of the scour depths are presented in figures 2 and 4 for the Interstate 77 south and north bound bridges, respectively.

Scour depth calculations indicate that maximum pile tip exposure will occur at bent 6 for structure 121007730700 and bent 3 for structure 121007710700. At structure 121007730700, scour caused by the 100- and 500-year discharges will cause the pile tips at bent 6 to be exposed by 47.3 and 64.8 ft, respectively. Additionally, at structure 121007710700, scour caused by the 100- and 500-year discharges will cause the pile tips at bent 3 to be exposed by 46.4 and 63.9 ft, respectively. However, it should be noted that the SCDOT bridge plans (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the scour depths. For additional information, refer to the SCDOT bridge plans located in the pocket at the back of this report.

**Table 1. --Remaining pile/footing penetration at piers/bents for the 100-year discharge at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent number	Station from left end of bridge (feet)	Pile tip/ <sup>3</sup> footing elevation, SCDOT datum (feet)	Pile tip/ footing elevation, USGS datum (feet)	Ground elevation at pier/bent, USGS datum (feet)	Total <sup>4</sup> scour depth (feet)	Elevation of scour, USGS datum (feet)	Remaining <sup>5</sup> pile/footing penetration (feet)
100-year discharge is 16,800 cubic feet per second							
8	50	451.4	56.5	75.3	9.2	66.1	9.6
7	100	452.4	57.5	69.7	54.3	15.4	-42.1
6	150	453.9	59.0	66.0	54.3	11.7	-47.3
5	200	456.0	61.1	74.0	54.3	19.7	-41.4
4	250	455.7	60.8	75.4	6.6	68.8	8.0
3	300	457.2	62.3	75.8	6.6	69.2	6.9
2	350	459.9	65.0	78.8	6.3	72.5	7.5

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Pile tip/footing elevations obtained from SCDOT bridge plans. The maximum elevation at each pier bent is used.

<sup>4</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>5</sup> A negative number signifies undermining of pile tip/footing.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

Table 2. --Remaining pile/footing penetration at piers/bents for the 500-year discharge at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina

Pier/bent number	Station from left end of bridge (feet)	Pile tip/ <sup>3</sup> footing elevation, SCDOT datum (feet)	Pile tip/ footing elevation, USGS datum (feet)	Ground elevation at pier/bent, USGS datum (feet)	Total <sup>4</sup> scour depth (feet)	Elevation of scour, USGS datum (feet)	Remaining <sup>5</sup> pile/footing penetration (feet)
500-year discharge is 24,600 cubic feet per second							
8	50	451.4	56.5	75.3	8.8	66.5	10.0
7	100	452.4	57.5	69.7	71.8	-2.1	-59.6
6	150	453.9	59.0	66.0	71.8	-5.8	-64.8
5	200	456.0	61.1	74.0	71.8	2.2	-58.9
4	250	455.7	60.8	75.4	9.2	66.2	5.4
3	300	457.2	62.3	75.8	9.1	66.7	4.4
2	350	459.9	65.0	78.8	9.0	69.8	4.8

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Pile tip/footing elevations obtained from SCDOT bridge plans. The maximum elevation at each pier bent is used.

<sup>4</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>5</sup> A negative number signifies undermining of pile tip/footing.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

**Table 3. --Remaining pile/footing penetration at piers/bents for the 100-year discharge at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Pile tip/ <sup>3</sup> footing elevation, SCDOT datum (feet)	Pile tip/ footing elevation, USGS datum (feet)	Ground elevation at pier/bent, USGS datum (feet)	Total <sup>4</sup> scour depth (feet)	Elevation of scour, USGS datum (feet)	Remaining <sup>5</sup> pile/footing penetration (feet)
100-year discharge is 16,800 cubic feet per second							
8	50	453.3	58.4	75.1	9.2	65.9	7.5
7	100	455.1	60.2	75.7	9.2	66.5	6.3
6	150	453.7	58.8	74.2	54.3	19.9	-38.9
5	200	453.3	58.4	66.5	54.3	12.2	-46.2
4	250	451.6	56.7	66.1	54.3	11.8	-44.9
3	300	456.7	61.8	69.7	54.3	15.4	-46.4
2	350	456.0	61.1	76.4	6.3	70.1	9.0

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Pile tip/footing elevations obtained from SCDOT bridge plans. The maximum elevation at each pier bent is used.

<sup>4</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>5</sup> A negative number signifies undermining of pile tip/footing.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.



**Table 4. --Remaining pile/footing penetration at piers/bents for the 500-year discharge at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent <sup>1</sup> number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Pile tip/ <sup>3</sup> footing elevation, SCDOT datum (feet)	Pile tip/ footing elevation, USGS datum (feet)	Ground elevation at pier/bent, USGS datum (feet)	Total <sup>4</sup> scour depth (feet)	Elevation of scour, USGS datum (feet)	Remaining <sup>5</sup> pile/footing penetration (feet)
500-year discharge is 24,600 cubic feet per second							
8	50	453.3	58.4	75.1	8.8	66.3	7.9
7	100	455.1	60.2	75.7	8.8	66.9	6.7
6	150	453.7	58.8	74.2	71.8	2.4	-56.4
5	200	453.3	58.4	66.5	71.8	-5.3	-63.7
4	250	451.6	56.7	66.1	71.8	-5.7	-62.4
3	300	456.7	61.8	69.7	71.8	-2.1	-63.9
2	350	456.0	61.1	76.4	9.0	67.4	6.3

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Pile tip/footing elevations obtained from SCDOT bridge plans. The maximum elevation at each pier bent is used.

<sup>4</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>5</sup> A negative number signifies undermining of pile tip/footing.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

**Table 5. --Cumulative scour depths at piers/bents for the 100-year discharge at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent <sup>1</sup> number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Pier/bent scour depth without debris (feet)	Total <sup>3</sup> scour depth without debris (feet)
100-year discharge is 16,800 cubic feet per second				
8	50	2.6	6.6	9.2
7	100	45.8	8.5	54.3
6	150	45.8	8.5	54.3
5	200	45.8	8.5	54.3
4	250	0.0 <sup>4</sup>	6.6	6.6
3	300	0.0 <sup>4</sup>	6.6	6.6
2	350	0.0 <sup>4</sup>	6.3	6.3

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>4</sup> The calculated contraction scour is a negative value, but was set equal to zero to reflect a more reasonable estimate of scour during peak flood conditions.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

NOTE: The pier and contraction scour equations used in this scour analysis were those recommended in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.

**Table 6. --Cumulative scour depths at piers/bents for the 500-year discharge at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent <sup>1</sup> number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Pier/bent scour depth without debris (feet)	Total <sup>3</sup> scour depth without debris (feet)
500-year discharge is 24,600 cubic feet per second				
8	50	0.6	8.2	8.8
7	100	62.4	9.4	71.8
6	150	62.4	9.4	71.8
5	200	62.4	9.4	71.8
4	250	2.8	6.4	9.2
3	300	2.8	6.3	9.1
2	350	2.8	6.2	9.0

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

NOTE: The pier and contraction scour equations used in this scour analysis were those recommended in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.

**Table 7. --Cumulative scour depths at piers/bents for the 100-year discharge at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent <sup>1</sup> number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Pier/bent scour depth without debris (feet)	Total <sup>3</sup> scour depth without debris (feet)
100-year discharge is 16,800 cubic feet per second				
8	50	2.6	6.6	9.2
7	100	2.6	6.6	9.2
6	150	45.8	8.5	54.3
5	200	45.8	8.5	54.3
4	250	45.8	8.5	54.3
3	300	45.8	8.5	54.3
2	350	0.0 <sup>4</sup>	6.3	6.3

<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

<sup>4</sup> The calculated contraction scour is a negative value, but was set equal to zero to reflect a more reasonable estimate of scour during peak flood conditions.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

NOTE: The pier and contraction scour equations used in this scour analysis were those recommended in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.

**Table 8. --Cumulative scour depths at piers/bents for the 500-year discharge at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina**

Pier/bent <sup>1</sup> number	Station from <sup>2</sup> left end of bridge (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Pier/bent scour depth without debris (feet)	Total <sup>3</sup> scour depth without debris (feet)
500-year discharge is 24,600 cubic feet per second				
8	50	0.6	8.2	8.8
7	100	0.6	8.2	8.8
6	150	62.4	9.4	71.8
5	200	62.4	9.4	71.8
4	250	62.4	9.4	71.8
3	300	62.4	9.4	71.8
2	350	2.8	6.2	9.0

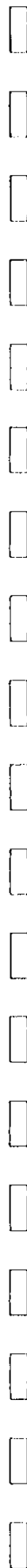
<sup>1</sup> Pier/bent number corresponds to South Carolina Department of Transportation bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup> Stations are determined from left to right looking downstream.

<sup>3</sup> Total scour depth is the sum of the contraction and pier/bent scour depths.

NOTE: SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the total scour depths. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of this report.

NOTE: The pier and contraction scour equations used in this scour analysis were those recommended in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.



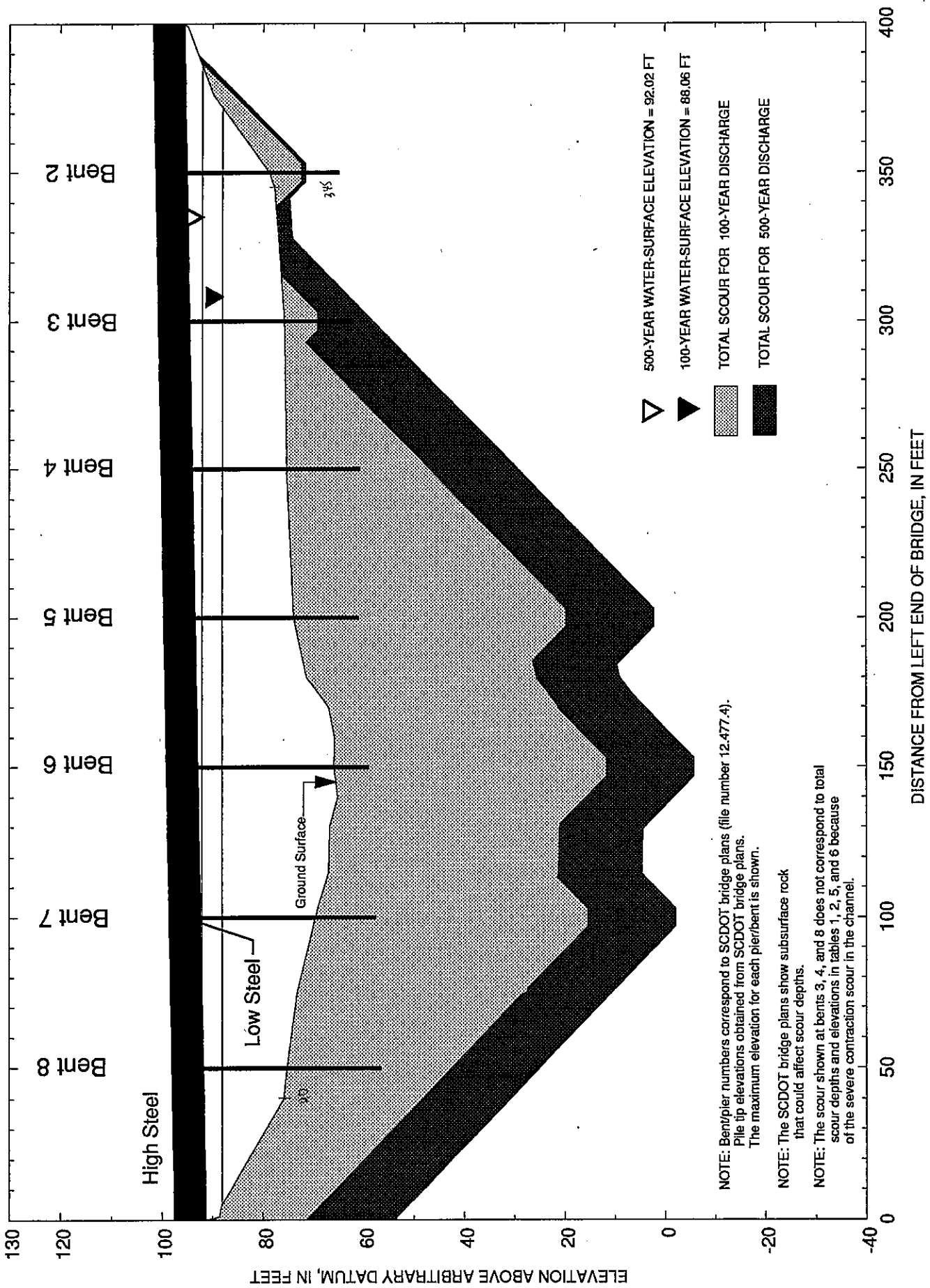


Figure 2.-- Total scour depths for the 100- and 500-year discharges on the upstream bridge face at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.





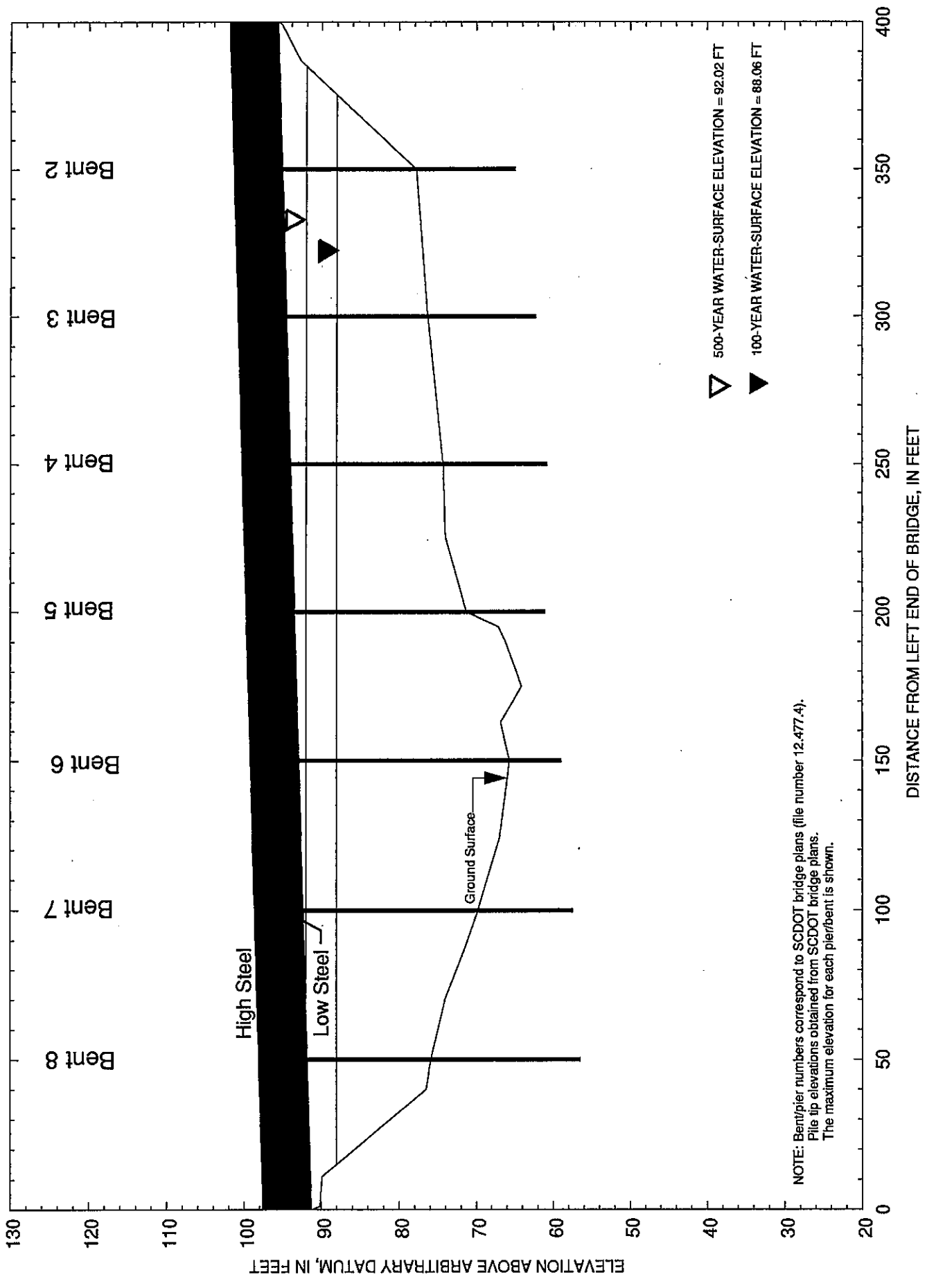


Figure 3.--Downstream face at structure 121007730700 (south bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.



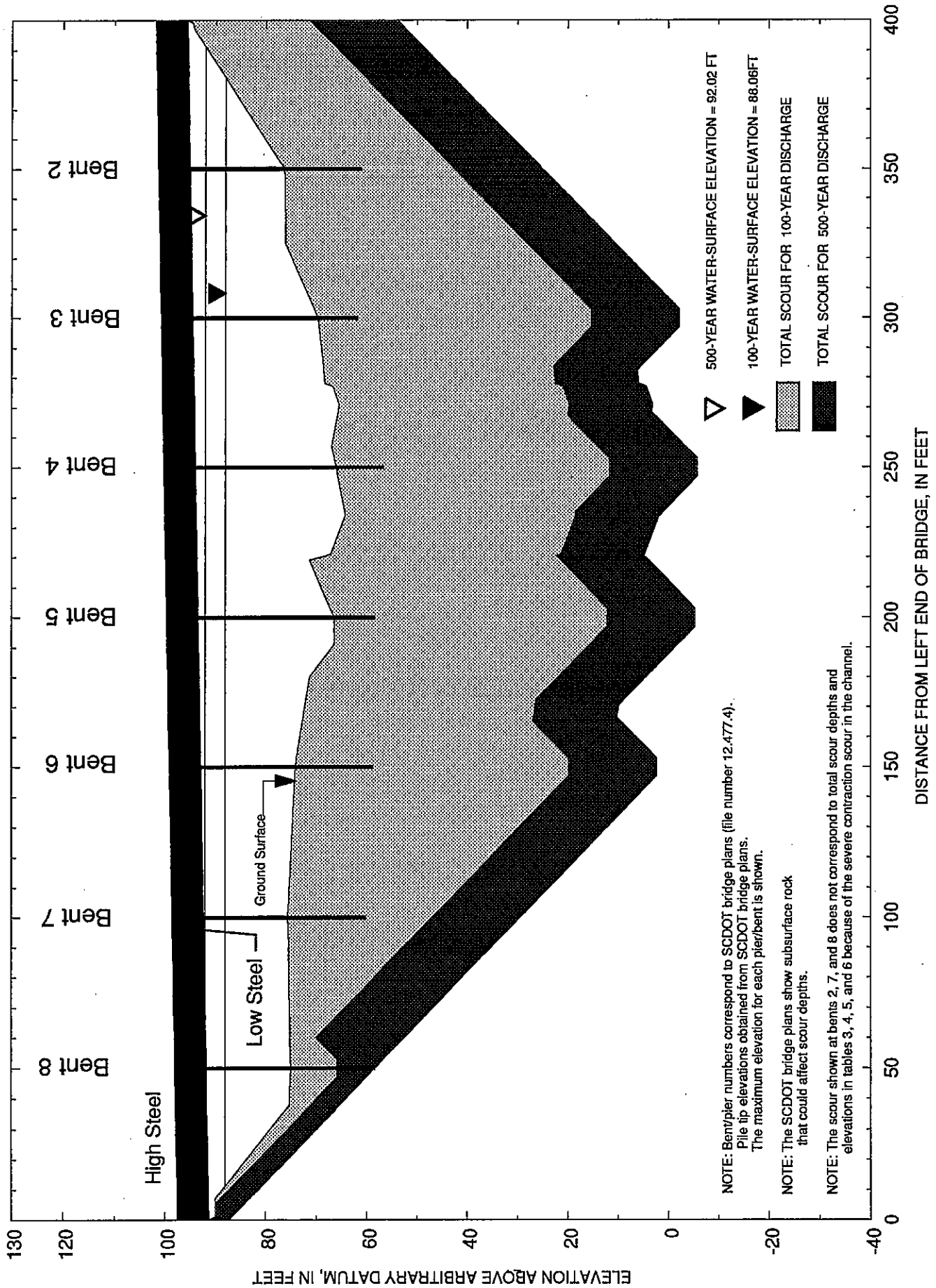


Figure 4.--Total scour depths for the 100- and 500-year discharges on the downstream bridge face at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.



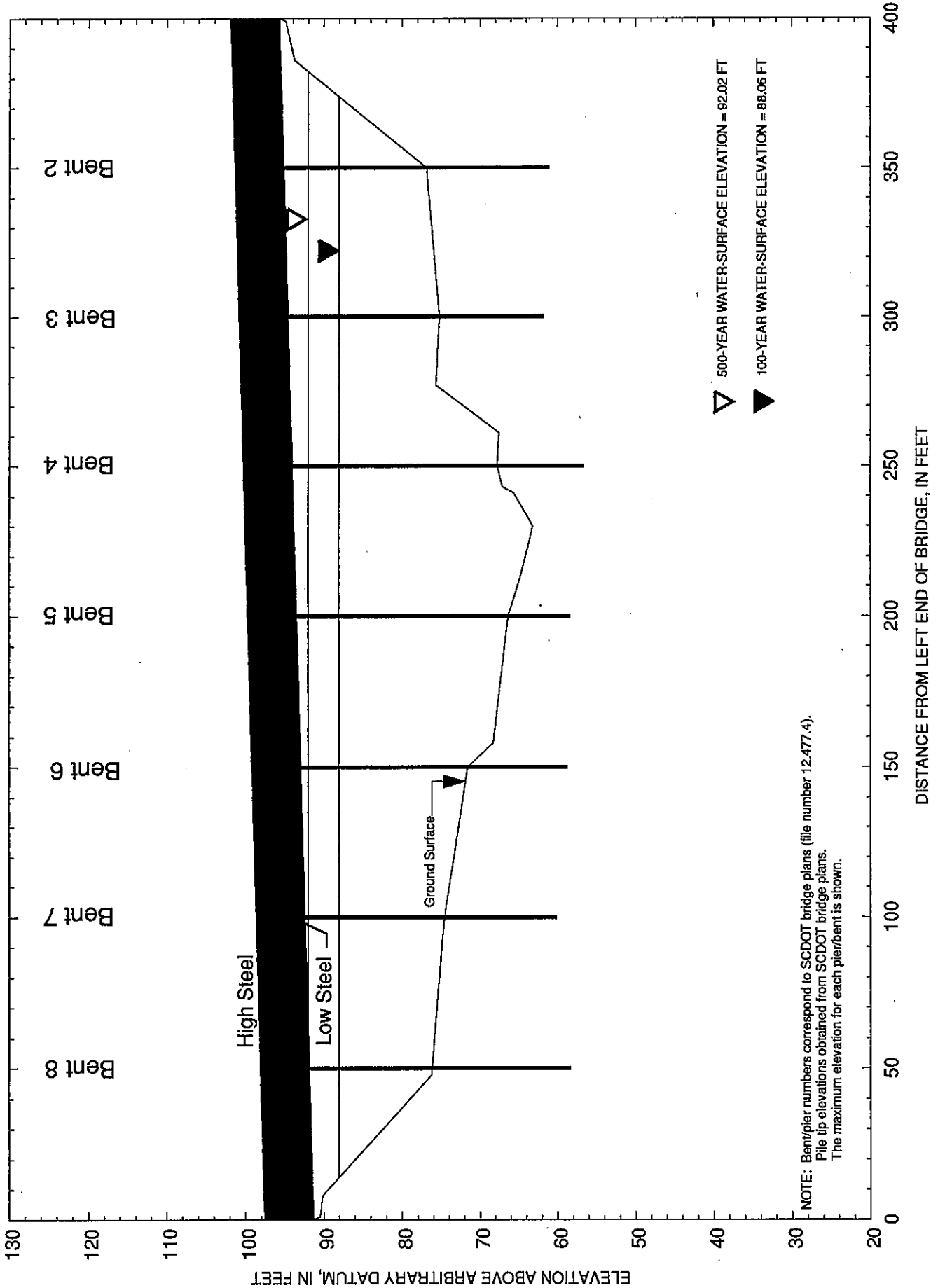


Figure 5.--Upstream face at structure 121007710700 (north bound bridge) on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.



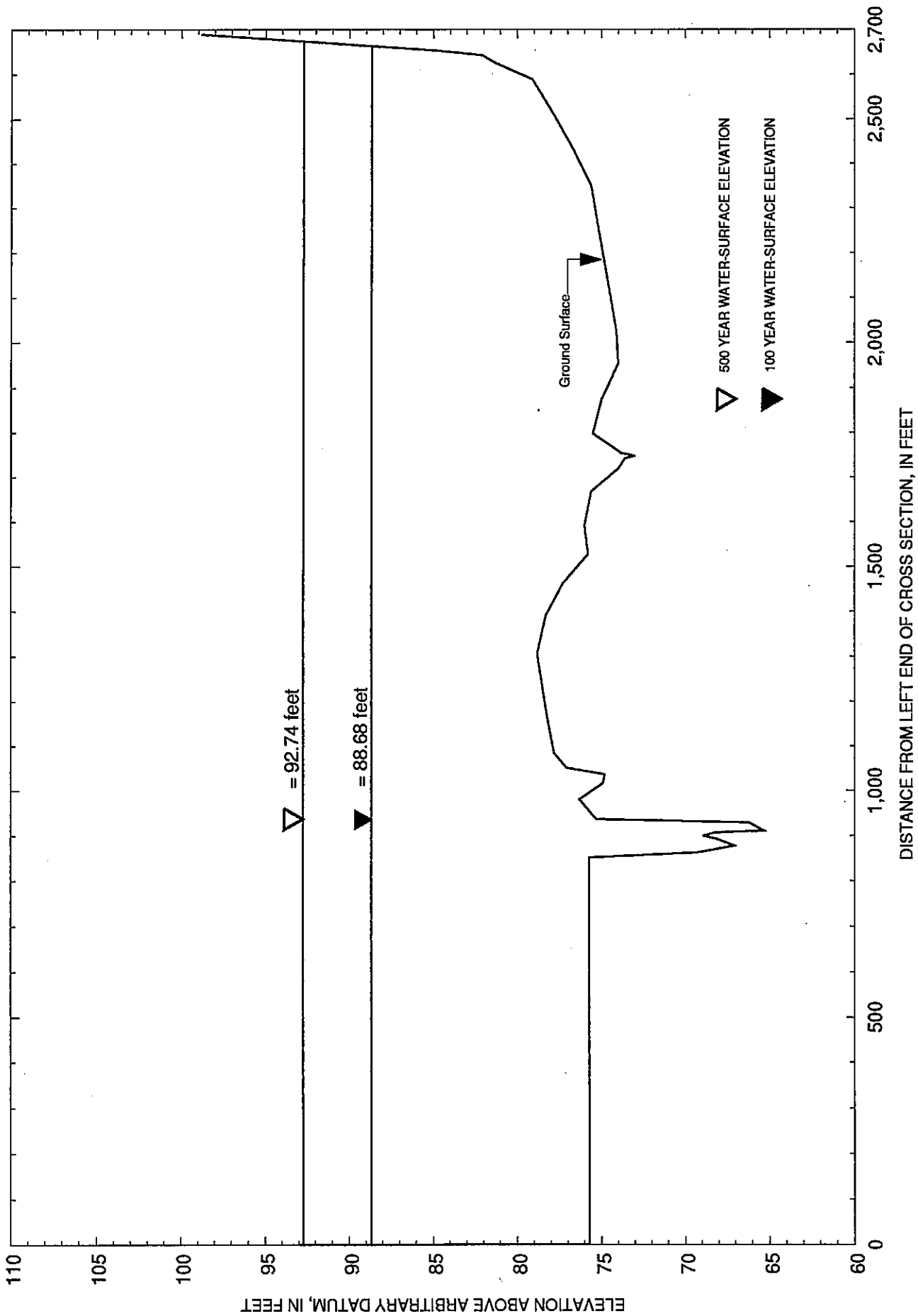
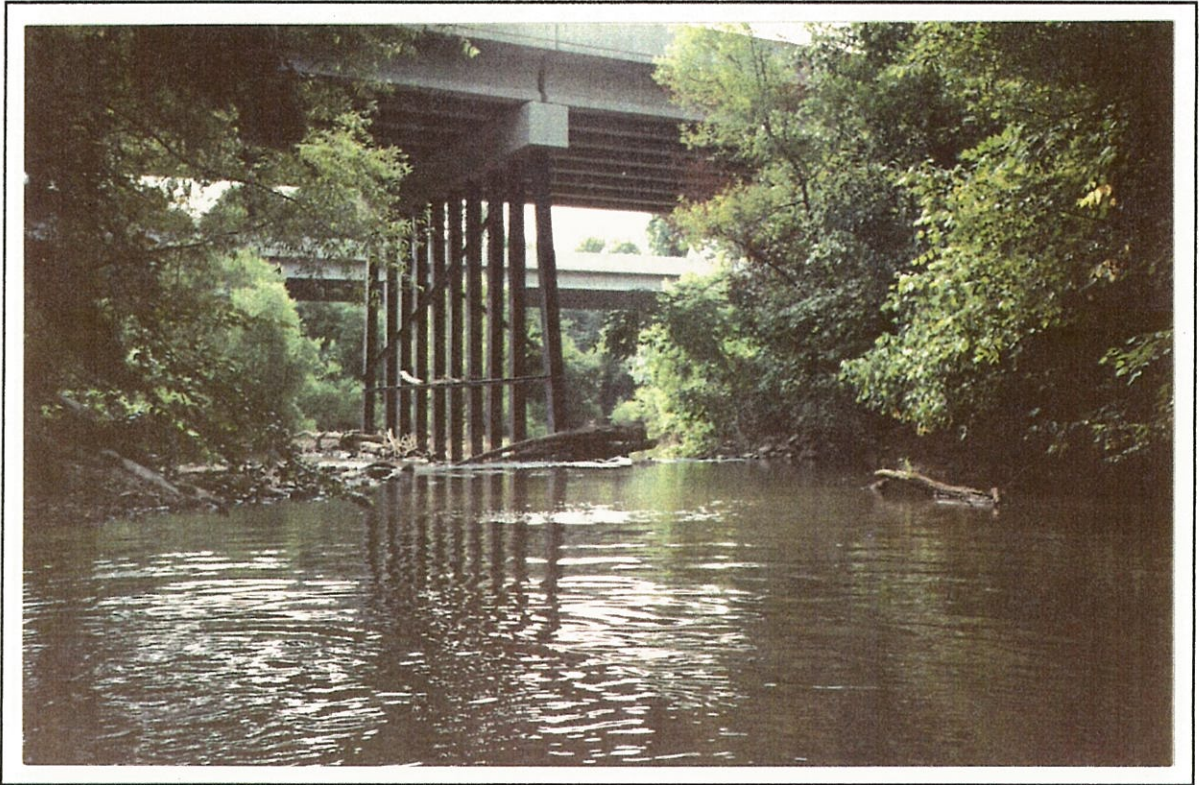


Figure 6.--Approach cross section at structures 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.







**Figure 7.**--Structures 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina as viewed from the upstream channel (July 9, 1990).



**Figure 8.**--Structures 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77, crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina as viewed from the downstream channel (July 9, 1990).



## SELECTED REFERENCES

- Arcement, G.J., Jr., and Schneider, V.R., 1989, Guide for selecting Manning's roughness coefficients for natural channels and flood plains: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 2339, 38 p.
- Arneson, L. A., Shearman, J. O., Jones, J. S., 1992, Evaluating scour at bridges using WSPRO: Transportation Research Board Draft Paper, 40 p.
- Bohman, L. R., 1990, Determination of flood hydrographs for streams in South Carolina: Volume 1. Simulation of flood hydrographs for rural watersheds in South Carolina: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 89-4087, 53 p.
- Bohman, L. R., 1990, Determination of flood hydrographs for streams in South Carolina: Volume 2. Estimation of peak-discharge frequency, runoff volumes, and flood hydrographs for urban watersheds: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 92-4040, 79 p.
- Froehlich, D. C., 1989, Local scour at bridge abutments *in* Ports, M. A., ed., Hydraulic Engineering--Proceedings of the 1989 National Conference on Hydraulic Engineering: New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, p. 13-18.
- Guimaraes, W. B., and Bohman, L. R., 1991, Techniques for estimating magnitude and frequency of floods in South Carolina, 1988: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigation Report, 91-4157, 174 p.
- Gunter, H.E., Mason, R.R., and Stamey, T.C., 1987, Magnitude and frequency of floods in rural and urban basins in North Carolina: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report, 87-4096, 54 p.
- Laursen, E. M., 1960, Scour at bridge crossings: Journal of the Hydraulics Division, American Society of Civil Engineers, v. 86, no. HY2, p. 39-53.
- Laursen, E. M., 1963, An analysis of relief bridge scour: Journal of the Hydraulics Division, American Society of Civil Engineers, v. 89, no. HY3, p. 93-118.
- Richardson, E. V., Harrison, L. J., Richardson, J. R., and Davis, S. R., 1993, Evaluating scour at bridges: Federal Highway Administration Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18, Publication FHWA-IP-90-017, 131 p.
- Richardson, E. V., Simons, D. B., and Julien, P. Y., 1990, Highways in the river environment: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-HI-90-016.
- Richardson, E. V., Simons, D. B., Karaki, S., Mahmood, K., and Stevens, M. A., 1975, Highways in the river environment: hydraulic and environmental design considerations: Federal Highway Administration.
- Shearman, J. O., 1990, User's manual for WSPRO--a computer model for water surface profile computations: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-IP-89-027, 187 p.
- Shearman, J. O., Kirby, W. H., Schneider, V. R., and Flippo, H. N., 1986, Bridge waterways analysis model; research report: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-RD-86-108, 112 p.
- U.S. Geological Survey, Interagency Advisory Committee on Water Data, 1982, Guidelines for determining flood flow frequency, Bulletin 17B of the Hydrology Subcommittee, 190 p.

## SCOUR REPORT SUMMARY

Structure Number 121007710700/30700 Stream Fishing Creek  
 County Chester Road I-77 District 4

### Description of Bridge

Bridge length 400 ft Bridge width: each(total) 45(165) ft Max span length 50 ft  
 Alignment of bridge to road (on curve or straight) straight  
 Abutment type spillthrough Embankment type sloping  
 Riprap on abutment? yes Date of inspection 7-9-1990  
 Description of riprap 12- to 18-inch granite on all abutments in good condition

Brief description of piers/pile bents Each bridge is supported by 8 interior pile bents, consisting of 10 steel H-piles (1.0 ft x 1.0 ft).

Is bridge skewed to flood plain according to USGS topo map? yes Angle 22  
 Is bridge located on a bend in channel? yes If so, describe (mild, moderate, severe)  
Moderate bend with a left bank impact point at 150 ft upstream and a right bank impact point at 150 ft downstream at the time of the Level I site visit on July 9, 1990.

Debris accumulation on bridge at time of Level I or Level II site visit:

	Date of inspection	Percent of channel blocked horizontally	Percent of channel blocked vertically
Level I	<u>7-9-1990</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>60</u>
Level II	<u>---</u>	<u>---</u>	<u>---</u>

Potential for debris Moderate to high because of bank failure and heavy debris on the flood plains.

Describe any features near or at the bridge that may affect flow (include observation date).  
None observed.

**Description of Flood Plain**

*General topography* Typical Piedmont topography with rolling hills.

*Flood-plain conditions at bridge site: downstream (D/S), upstream (U/S)*

*Date of inspection* 6-29-92

*D/S left:* Moderately thick hardwoods with moderate to thick undergrowth.

*D/S right:* Moderately thick hardwoods with moderate to thick undergrowth.

*U/S left:* Small grain field with moderately thick hardwoods along channel.

*U/S right:* Moderately thick hardwoods with moderate to thick undergrowth.

**Description of Channel**

*Average top width* 78 *ft*                      *Average depth* 11 *ft*

*Predominant bed material* sand                      *Bank material* silt/clay/sand

*Stream type (straight, meandering, braided, swampy, channelized)* meandering

*Vegetative cover on channel banks near bridge: Date of inspection* 6-29-1992

*D/S left:* Fully covered with hardwoods and undergrowth.

*D/S right:* Fully covered with hardwoods and undergrowth.

*U/S left:* Fully covered with hardwoods and undergrowth.

*U/S right:* Fully covered with hardwoods and undergrowth.

*Do banks appear stable?* no                      *If not, describe location and type of instability and*

*date of observation.* Upstream banks were noted as stable during Level I site visit on

July 9, 1990. However, both downstream banks were noted as having mass wasting.

*Describe any obstructions in channel and date of observation.* None observed.

Hydrology

Drainage area 134 mi<sup>2</sup>

Percentage of drainage area in physiographic provinces:

<i>Physiographic province</i>	<i>Percent of drainage area</i>
Piedmont (High Flow)	<u>100</u>

Is drainage area considered rural or urban? rural Describe any significant urbanization and potential for development. Moderate potential for development.  
Basin presently has no significant urbanization but may experience future development due to the commercial and industrial growth near I-77 at Richburg, SC.

Is there a USGS gage on the stream of interest? no

USGS gage description \_\_\_\_\_

USGS gage number \_\_\_\_\_

Gage drainage area \_\_\_\_\_ mi<sup>2</sup>

Is there a lake/pond that will significantly affect hydrology/hydraulics? no

If so, describe \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Calculated Discharges**

**Q<sub>100</sub>** 16,800 ft<sup>3</sup>/s

**Q<sub>500</sub>** 24,600 ft<sup>3</sup>/s

*Method used to determine discharges* The drainage basin is located in the "high flow" area of SC; therefore, the method prescribed by C. L. Sanders (written communication, 11-1993) was used to compute flood discharges. In general, this method uses North Carolina USGS flood discharge equations (WRIR 87-4096) to compute the 100-year discharge, and extrapolates the 500-year discharge from the NC equations using the 2-, 10-, and 100-year floods and methods on page 5-2 of USGS Bulletin 17b.

## Brief Description of the Water-Surface Profile Model (WSPRO) Analysis

*Datum for WSPRO analysis (USGS survey, sea level, SCDOT plans)* USGS survey

*Datum tie between USGS survey and SCDOT plans* Add 394.92 ft to USGS survey datum to obtain SCDOT plans' datum (file number 12.477.4).

*Description of reference marks used to determine USGS datum.* RM1 is a chiseled square on the D/S right headwall of I-77 N with an assumed elevation of 100.00 ft.

RM 2 is a chiseled square on the D/S left headwall of I-77 N with a surveyed elevation of 95.64 ft. RM 3 is chiseled square on U/S right headwall of I-77 S with a surveyed elevation of 100.04 ft. RM 4 is a chiseled square on the D/S left headwall of I-77 S with a surveyed elevation of 95.72 ft.

### Cross-Sections Used in WSPRO Analysis

<i>*Cross-section ID</i>	<i>Section Reference Distance (SRD) in feet</i>	<i>**How cross-section was developed</i>	<i>Comments</i>
TEMP8	-7030	4	Synthesized section
TEMP7	-6280	4	Synthesized section
SYN6	-5280	4	Synthesized section
RTMP1	-4932	2	Synthesized section
RTMP2	-4920	1	Surveyed section
SYN5	-4740	4	Synthesized section
SYN4	-4560	4	Synthesized section
TEMP3	-3810	2 & 3	Synthesized section
TEMP2	-2480	2 & 3	Synthesized section
TEMP1	-1150	1	Surveyed section
EXIT	-400	2 & 3	Exit for I-77
FULV	0	2 & 3	Full Valley for I-77
BRIDG	0	1	Bridge for I-77
APPR	565	1	Approach for I-77

\* For location of cross-sections see topographic map included with report (figure 1).  
For more detail on how cross-sections were developed see WSPRO input file.

\*\* Cross-section development: 1) survey at SRD 2) shift of survey data to SRD 3) modification of survey data based on topographic map 4) synthesized by combining channel survey data and topographic contours 5) other

*Description of data and assumptions used in developing WSPRO model.*

The WSPRO analysis was done using the data from the most constricted bridge face (U/S face of the U/S bridge) at the I-77 crossing of Fishing Creek. The starting water-surface elevation was obtained by the slope/conveyance method.

The SYN and TEMP templates were synthesized by taking the EXIT section survey data in conjunction with the USGS topographic map contours to determine cross section geometry. This was done by assuming the flood plain was flat from the channel banks to contour 144 m (472 ft) at which point the land starts to rise sharply.

A Seaboard Railway trestle crosses the channel at approximately 4,920 ft downstream and was included in the model to account for the constriction of the flood plain. The slope used to transfer data points downstream of the railroad was 0.0012 ft/ft and was obtained from a USGS topographic map. The slope used to transfer data points from the EXIT section to the railway section was 0.00066 ft/ft and was obtained from channel data taken from the EXIT survey and the railway survey.

SYN1 data was synthesized from the surveyed section taken at 1,150 ft downstream of the bridge and was used to represent the full valley cross section. The flat portion of the flood plain was extended based on USGS topographic map contours using an average flood plain elevation. This section was adjusted by the GT card in WSPRO to represent the EXIT cross section.

An APPROACH section survey was taken at one bridge width upstream. The data were adjusted on the left flood plain to account for the survey data not being taken perpendicular to the flood plain. The left flood plain data was skewed based on an angle taken from the USGS topographic map and truncated where the flood plain intersects the I-77 road embankment. The right flood plain data did not need to be adjusted.



## Bridge Hydraulics

*Average embankment elevation*      97.0    ft

*Average low steel elevation*      93.5    ft

*100-year discharge*      16,800    ft<sup>3</sup>/s

*Water-surface elevation at D/S bridge face*      88.06    ft

*Area of flow at D/S bridge face*      4,668    ft<sup>2</sup>

*Average velocity in bridge opening*      3.60    ft/s

*Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge*      5.99    ft/s

*Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge*      88.68    ft

*Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge*      88.13    ft

*Amount of backwater caused by bridge*      0.55    ft

*500-year discharge*      24,600    ft<sup>3</sup>/s

*Water-surface elevation at D/S bridge face*      92.02    ft

*Area of flow at D/S bridge face*      6,028    ft<sup>2</sup>

*Average velocity in bridge opening*      4.08    ft/s

*Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge*      7.20    ft/s

*Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge*      92.74    ft

*Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge*      92.11    ft

*Amount of backwater caused by bridge*      0.63    ft

## Scour

*Describe any special assumptions or considerations made in bridge scour analysis.*

Scour depths were computed using engineering judgement and the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993) and the Transportation Research Board Draft Paper, "Evaluating scour at bridges using WSPRO" (Arneson and others, 1992). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in tables 1 through 8 and graphs of the total scour depths are shown in figures 2 and 4. Figures 3 and 5 were included to show how the channel shifts as it progresses from the upstream face of the south bound bridge to the downstream face of the north bound bridge.

The most constricted bridge face cross section (U/S face of U/S bridge) at the Interstate 77 crossing of Fishing Creek was used for the WSPRO and scour analysis. A comparison of the U/S and D/S bridge face cross sections for the Interstate 77 north and south bound bridges showed that the channel geometry for all four cross sections was very similar. Therefore, the most constricted bridge face cross section was representative of the hydraulic and scour conditions at both bridges.

The local pier scour was determined using the Colorado State University pier scour equation (Richardson and others, 1993). Bent 8 is located on the left overbank and was analyzed using the maximum left overbank WSPRO tube velocity and the depth of flow at the bent. Bents 2 through 4 are located on the right overbank and were analyzed using the maximum right overbank WSPRO tube velocity and the depth of flow at each bent. Bents 6 and 7 are channel bents and were analyzed using 90 percent of the maximum WSPRO tube velocity and the maximum depth within the channel to account for possible changes in the thalweg during a flood event. Bent 5 is located near the top of the bank and was analyzed like channel bents 6 and 7 to account for the possibility of a shift in the channel during a flood event.

As previously stated, the channel shifts to the right from the U/S bridge to the D/S bridge. As shown in figure 2 (U/S face of U/S bridge), bents 6 and 7 are located within the channel and bent 5 is at the right top bank. However, in figure 4 (D/S face of D/S bridge), bent 6 is located near the left top bank and bents 3, 4, and 5 are located within the channel. Because of the similarity in cross sections at both bridges, it was assumed that the scour computations developed using the U/S face of the U/S bridge would be applicable to both bridges. Therefore, figure 4 was generated by applying the scour results from the upstream bridge face of the upstream bridge (I-77 S) to the downstream bridge face of the downstream bridge (I-77 N) in the following manner: the left overbank contraction scour and the pier/bent scour from bent 8 of I-77 S were applied to bents 7 and 8 of I-77 N, the live-bed channel scour and pier/bent scour from bents 5 through 7 of I-77 S were applied to bents 3 through 6 of I-77 N, and the right overbank contraction scour and pier/bent scour from bent 2 of I-77 S were applied to bent 2 of I-77 N, respectively. In addition, figures 3 and 5 were included to indicate the location of the channel and the respective channel bents at the other bridge faces.

The left and right overbanks at the bridge were analyzed for contraction scour using Larsen's clear-water contraction scour equation (Richardson and others, 1993). The channel contraction scour was analyzed using Larsen's modified live-bed contraction scour equation (Richardson and others, 1993).

The live-bed scour results indicate an unusually large amount of scour in the channel. There are several factors which would tend to increase the channel scour at this location. This site is located in the "high flow" area of the Piedmont physiographic province where the regional regression equations do not apply. Thus, a method recommended by Curtis L. Sanders (written communication, 11-1993) was used to determine the 100- and 500-year discharges. This resulted in discharges that were approximately 62 and 82 percent higher than the results obtained by using the regular Piedmont regression equations (Guimaraes and Bohman, 1988), respectively. In addition, the approach section has a wide flood plain

(approximately 2,600 ft) that is contracted to a 400 ft opening at the bridges. Furthermore, the overbanks at the bridges are covered by small trees with heavy underbrush which would tend to force more of the flow into the channel at the bridge.

It should be noted that the SCDOT bridge plan borings (file number 12.477.4) show subsurface rock that could limit the scour depths shown in this study. For more information, see the SCDOT bridge plans in the pocket at the back of the report.

The clear-water contraction scour equation indicates the deposition of sediment on the right overbank at the bridge during a 100-year flood event (see negative scour values determined in scour calculations). However, it seems unreasonable to expect deposition at the bridge during peak flood conditions. Therefore, the negative scour values were set equal to zero as reflected in tables 5 and 7 and figure 2.

No abutment scour computations were made because the abutments are protected by riprap.

# WSPRO INPUT FILE

T1 Structure #: 121007710700/30700 (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 T2 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S File name: fish.i77  
 T3 Chester County, South Carolina TDF 4/21/94

\*  
 \* Q100 Q500  
 Q 16800 24600  
 SK .0012 .0012  
 \*

\* The SYN and TEMP templates were synthesized by taking the EXIT  
 \* section survey data in conjunction with the USGS topographic map contours  
 \* to determine cross section geometry. This was done by assuming the  
 \* 144 meter (472 ft) contour was the edge of the flood plain where the land  
 \* starts to rise sharply. The slope used to transfer data points from the  
 \* EXIT section to the Railway section was 0.00066 ft/ft and was obtained  
 \* from the channel survey data at those two locations. The slope  
 \* below the Railway trestle is 0.0012 ft/ft and was obtained from the  
 \* USGS topographic map.  
 \*

XT SYN7 -6280 0.0012  
 GR 0 99.8 100 89.8 180 79.8 240 69.8 270 69.8  
 GR 273 66.7 277 63.9 280 61.4 287 59.6 293 60.4  
 GR 304 60.6 319 60.4 336 60.9 345 62.3 350 69.8  
 GR 420 69.8 720 79.8 890 89.8 1090 99.8

\*  
 XS TEMP8 -7030  
 GT  
 \* "n" values were based on the topography being very similar  
 \* to the topography at the SURV section where the values were  
 \* obtained.  
 \*

N 0.17 0.06 0.19  
 SA 270 350

XS TEMP7 -6280

GT  
 PX  
 \*  
 XS SYN6 -5280  
 GR 0 101.0 200 91.0 490 81.0 670 71.0 700 71.0  
 GR 703 67.9 707 65.1 710 62.6 717 60.8 723 61.6  
 GR 734 61.8 749 61.6 766 62.1 775 63.5 780 71.0  
 GR 820 71.0 890 81.0 940 91.0 970 101.0  
 N 0.17 0.06 0.19  
 SA 700 780

\*  
 \* RAILR data was surveyed at the Seaboard railway trestle at  
 \* 4,920 ft D/S with the distance being determined from the USGS  
 \* topographic map. Piers were included as part of the cross section.  
 \* The slope was determined from survey data taken  
 \* between the Exit section and the Railway crossing.  
 \*

XT RAILR -4920  
 GR 0 102.7 34 87.9 34 102.7 41 102.7 41 90.3  
 GR 45 85.8 45 82.2 49 80.2 71 72.7 88 76.5  
 GR 88 102.7 96 102.7 96 77.2 135 69.4 143 64.1

# WSPRO INPUT FILE --Continued

GR	157	61.6	173	61.3	187	61.6	199	62.9	209	68.1	
GR	238	77.8	238	102.9	245	102.9	245	78.9	251	78.9	
GR	268	88.9	283	99.0	295	102.9					
*											
*											
*											
*											
XS	RTMP1	-4932									
GT											
N		0.054									
PX											
*											
XS	RTMP2	-4920									
GT											
*											
XS	SYN5	-4740									
GR		0	102.0	100	92.0	400	82.0	460	71.6	510	71.6
GR		513	68.5	517	65.7	520	63.2	527	61.4	533	62.2
GR		544	62.4	559	62.2	576	62.7	585	64.1	590	71.6
GR		640	71.6	720	82.0	810	92.0	930	102.0		
N		0.17		0.06		0.19					
SA			510		590						
*											
*											
XS	SYN4	-4560									
GR		0	102.0	200	92.0	480	82.0	630	71.8	680	71.8
GR		683	68.7	687	65.9	690	63.4	697	61.6	703	62.4
GR		714	62.6	729	62.4	746	62.9	755	64.3	760	71.8
GR		810	71.8	910	82.0	1060	92.0	1240	102.0		
N		0.17		0.06		0.19					
SA			680		760						
PX											
*											
*											
*											
*											
*											
XT	SYN3	-1150	0.00066								
GR		0	100.0	88	96.5	188	92.0	300	88.8	400	87.5
GR		472	85.0	583	81.2	712	78.0	751	75.8	763	74.1
GR		782	73.3	840	73.5	935	73.4	985	74.3	1047	73.6
GR		1102	74.0	1171	74.9	1250	74.6	1253	70.9	1257	68.1
GR		1260	65.6	1267	63.8	1273	64.6	1284	64.8	1299	64.6
GR		1316	65.1	1325	66.5	1330	73.6	1342	73.5	1409	76.1
GR		1467	77.0	1500	77.2	1611	77.7	1684	77.4	1786	77.1
GR		1877	78.7	1899	80.2	1974	86.7	2078	97.1		
*											
XS	TEMP3	-3810									
GT											
N		0.17		0.06		0.19					
SA			1250		1330						
PX											
*											
*											
XT	SYN2	-1150	0.00066								
GR		0	100.0	22	96.5	47	92.0	75	88.8	124	85.0
GR		161	81.2	204	78.0	254	74.6	304	74.6	307	70.9
GR		311	68.1	314	65.6	321	63.8	327	64.6	338	64.8

# WSPRO INPUT FILE --Continued

GR	353	64.6	370	65.1	379	66.5	384	73.6	430	73.5
GR	687	76.1	908	77.0	1034	77.2	1217	77.7	1338	77.4
GR	1506	77.1	1656	78.7	1693	80.2	1787	86.7	1917	97.1

\*  
XS TEMP2 -2480

GT  
N 0.17 0.06 0.19  
SA 304 384

\*  
\* The FL card was added to account for the difference in the flow  
\* length in the channel and the flow length in the flood plain between  
\* TEMP2 and TEMP3.  
\*

FL 800 304 1330 384 1100  
PX

\*  
\* SURV data was taken from the EXIT section survey at a distance  
\* of 1,150 ft D/S. The distance was obtained from the topographic map.  
\*

XT SURV	-1150	0.0012								
GR	0	100.0	22	96.5	47	92.0	75	88.8		
GR	124	85.0	161	81.2	204	78.0	232	75.8		
GR	241	74.1	255	73.3	297	73.5	366	73.4		
GR	402	74.3	447	73.6	487	74.0	537	74.9		
GR	569	73.6	615	73.7	664	72.5	678	72.1		
GR	684	71.3	704	73.4	762	74.4	767	74.6		
GR	770	70.9	774	68.1	777	65.6	784	63.8		
GR	790	64.6	801	64.8	816	64.6	833	65.1		
GR	842	66.5	847	73.6	861	73.5	940	76.1		
GR	1008	77.0	1147	77.7	1213	77.4	1305	77.1		
GR	1387	78.7	1477	86.7	1574	97.1				

\*  
XS TEMP1 -1150

GT  
N 0.17 0.06 0.19  
SA 767 847

\*  
\* The FL card was needed to account for the difference of the  
\* flow length in the channel and the flow length in the flood plain  
\* between TEMP1 and the SURV section.  
\*

FL 900 767 1330 847 1100  
PX

\*  
\* SYN1 data was synthesized from the SURV section to represent  
\* a cross section at the FULV section. The flat portion  
\* of the flood plain was extended based on USGS topographic map  
\* contours using an average flood plain elevation. This section was  
\* adjusted by the GT scale factor to represent a cross section  
\* at the EXIT section.  
\*

XT SYN1	-1150	0.0012								
GR	0	100.0	22	96.5	47	92.0	75	88.8	124	85.0
GR	161	81.2	204	78.0	232	75.8	241	74.1	1100	74.1
GR	1103	70.9	1107	68.1	1110	65.6	1117	63.8	1123	64.6
GR	1134	64.8	1149	64.6	1166	65.1	1175	66.5	1180	73.6
GR	1194	73.5	1273	76.1	1341	77.0	1480	77.7	1546	77.4
GR	1638	77.1	1720	78.7	1810	86.7	1907	97.1		

# WSPRO INPUT FILE --Continued

```

*
XS  EXIT      -400
GT
N    0.17      0.06      0.19
SA      968      1038
PX
*

```

```

XS  FULV      0
GT
N    0.14      0.051     0.19
SA      1100     1180
PX
*

```

\*  
\* U/S Face of U/S Bridge \*  
\*

```

BR  BRIDG    0    93.5    22
GR    1    91.3    1.1    88.6    5    88.1    40    75.9
GR   50    75.3    75    73.3    100   69.7    115   67.0
GR  130    66.8    140   65.2    150   66.0    160   65.8
GR  170    67.0    180   71.4    200   74.0    250   75.4
GR  300    75.8    345   77.8    350   78.8    376   89.8
GR 398.9   94.9    399   95.7    1    91.3

```

\*  
\* The overbank "n" value at the bridge accounts for the thick and  
\* high, woody material with underbrush between the bridges.  
\*

```

N    0.10      0.051     0.10
SA      75      200
PW 1    66.0    1.0    69.7    1.0    69.7    2.0    74.0    2.0
PW 1    74.0    3.0    75.4    3.0    75.4    5.0    75.8    5.0
PW 1    75.8    6.0    78.8    6.0    78.8    7.0    91.7    7.0
PW 1    95.0    0.0
CD    3 165 2 97.0

```

\*  
\* APPROACH Section was obtained by using the survey data taken at one  
\* bridge width U/S in conjunction with the USGS topographic map.  
\* The left flood plain data was skewed in order to be placed  
\* perpendicular to the flood plain.  
\*

```

AS  APPR    565
GR    0    93.0    1    75.7    852    75.7    863    69.3
GR   870   68.2    878   67.1    893    68.1    900    68.9
GR   907   68.2    911   65.3    929    66.2    937    75.3
GR   981   76.3   1017   74.9   1037   74.8   1052   77.1
GR  1085   77.8   1165   78.2   1307   78.8   1391   78.3
GR  1461   77.3   1528   75.8   1592   76.0   1668   75.6
GR  1719   74.0   1742   73.6   1748   73.0   1754   73.8
GR  1798   75.5   1874   75.0   1953   74.0   2026   74.1
GR  2238   75.1   2350   75.6   2435   76.7   2502   77.7
GR  2589   79.1   2626   81.3   2643   82.1   2654   84.9
GR  2689   98.8
N    0.11      0.06      0.19
SA      852      937

```

\*  
\* The reference point for the BP card was obtained from  
\*



# WSPRO INPUT FILE --Continued

\* survey data at the bridge and full valley section.

\*

BP 752  
PX

\*

HP 1 BRIDG	88.06	0	88.06	
HP 2 BRIDG	88.06	0	88.06	16800
HP 2 BRIDG	88.21	0	88.21	16800
HP 1 APPR	88.71	0	88.71	
HP 2 APPR	88.71	0	88.71	16800

\*

HP 1 BRIDG	92.01	0	92.01	
HP 2 BRIDG	92.01	0	92.01	24600
HP 2 BRIDG	92.18	0	92.18	24600
HP 1 APPR	92.78	0	92.78	
HP 2 APPR	92.78	0	92.78	24600

EX  
ER

# WSPRO OUTPUT

WSPRO FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700 (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 13; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	631.	41898.	65.	67.				11177.
	2	2231.	462965.	116.	118.				55546.
	3	1806.	134532.	159.	162.				34499.
88.06		4668.	639395.	340.	347.	1.74	5.	372.	74412.

WSPRO FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700 (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 13; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	88.19	4.3	372.2	4712.4	647641.	16800.	3.57
X STA.		4.3	66.5	83.7		94.7	104.3
A(I)		525.3	239.1		173.1	163.3	151.4
V(I)		1.60	3.51		4.85	5.14	5.55
X STA.		112.4	119.9	127.2		134.5	141.1
A(I)		146.3	144.4		145.2	140.2	140.3
V(I)		5.74	5.82		5.78	5.99	5.99
X STA.		147.8	154.7	161.5		168.6	177.3
A(I)		140.8	141.3		144.5	158.8	182.7
V(I)		5.96	5.94		5.82	5.29	4.60
X STA.		189.2	206.7	236.5		269.8	305.6
A(I)		236.4	375.1		396.6	413.3	554.2
V(I)		3.55	2.24		2.12	2.03	1.52

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES:    ISEQ = 14;    SECID = APPR ;    SRD =        565.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	11051.	818672.	852.	864.				225874.
	2	1728.	303036.	85.	92.				44211.
	3	21172.	882372.	1727.	1728.				420709.
88.68		33951.	2004081.	2663.	2684.	2.20	0.	2664.	464014.

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:    ISEQ = 14;    SECID = APPR ;    SRD =        565.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	88.68	0.2	2663.5	33950.8	2004081.	16800.	0.49
X STA.	0.2	113.3	215.3	317.6	423.1	524.7	
A(I)	1462.6	1324.2	1328.2	1369.2	1318.5		
V(I)	0.57	0.63	0.63	0.61	0.64		
X STA.	524.7	628.6	732.1	834.6	878.4	904.7	
A(I)	1348.6	1343.8	1329.8	720.4	542.6		
V(I)	0.62	0.63	0.63	1.17	1.55		
X STA.	904.7	928.1	1086.2	1351.5	1569.8	1739.3	
A(I)	527.0	2052.8	2732.5	2514.4	2270.9		
V(I)	1.59	0.41	0.31	0.33	0.37		
X STA.	1739.3	1903.1	2050.8	2208.7	2381.8	2663.5	
A(I)	2266.0	2145.5	2225.0	2302.3	2826.2		
V(I)	0.37	0.39	0.38	0.36	0.30		

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES:    ISEQ = 13;    SECID = BRIDG;    SRD =            0.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	880.	45979.	8.	134.				51633.
	2	2690.	632347.	116.	118.				73539.
	3	2459.	213162.	172.	175.				52699.
92.02		6029.	891488.	297.	427.	1.88	1.	386.	112465.

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:    ISEQ = 13;    SECID = BRIDG;    SRD =            0.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	92.15	1.0	386.6	6066.9	888943.	24600.	4.05
X STA.	1.0		76.7	89.1		99.0	107.9
A(I)		909.8		230.1	197.9	191.8	181.9
V(I)		1.35		5.35	6.22	6.41	6.76
X STA.	115.9		123.5	131.0		138.4	145.3
A(I)		176.3		177.5	177.4	170.9	173.2
V(I)		6.98		6.93	6.93	7.20	7.10
X STA.	152.4		159.6	166.8		175.2	185.9
A(I)		175.7		173.7	190.3	209.4	215.9
V(I)		7.00		7.08	6.46	5.87	5.70
X STA.	198.0		222.8	251.4		280.4	311.5
A(I)		410.2		454.3	447.3	470.0	733.2
V(I)		3.00		2.71	2.75	2.62	1.68

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES:    ISEQ = 14;    SECID = APPR ;    SRD =        565.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	14509.	1284818.	852.	868.				339772.
	2	2073.	410477.	85.	92.				58096.
	3	28202.	1416955.	1737.	1739.				644893.
92.74		44785.	3112250.	2674.	2699.	1.98	0.	2674.	739346.

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94

\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:    ISEQ = 14;    SECID = APPR ;    SRD =        565.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	92.74	0.0	2673.7	44784.8	3112250.	24600.	0.55
X STA.		0.0	113.6	216.1	316.2	418.1	521.6
A(I)		1927.4	1746.7	1706.0	1735.5	1763.9	
V(I)		0.64	0.70	0.72	0.71	0.70	
X STA.		521.6	621.4	724.7	825.4	878.8	908.8
A(I)		1701.1	1759.9	1715.7	1066.2	740.5	
V(I)		0.72	0.70	0.72	1.15	1.66	
X STA.		908.8	954.0	1149.5	1390.2	1586.0	1750.3
A(I)		1012.1	3137.7	3428.4	3118.2	2901.0	
V(I)		1.22	0.39	0.36	0.39	0.42	
X STA.		1750.3	1915.5	2069.6	2229.6	2404.9	2673.7
A(I)		2942.4	2867.7	2887.9	3017.8	3608.6	
V(I)		0.42	0.43	0.43	0.41	0.34	

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

WSPRO                    FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
 V060188                    MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700    (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
 Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
 Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94  
 \*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
TEMP8:XS	*****	149.	6523.	0.43	*****	83.18	72.50	16800.	82.75
-7030.	*****	785.	484629.	4.18	*****	*****	0.29	2.58	
TEMP7:XS	750.	149.	6530.	0.43	0.90	84.09	*****	16800.	83.66
-6280.	750.	786.	485147.	4.19	0.00	0.01	0.29	2.57	
SYN6 :XS	1000.	377.	5232.	0.58	1.32	85.49	*****	16800.	84.91
-5280.	1000.	910.	440290.	3.60	0.07	0.00	0.34	3.21	
RTMP1:XS	348.	45.	2990.	0.49	0.51	86.00	*****	16800.	85.51
-4932.	348.	262.	435352.	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	5.62	
RTMP2:XS	12.	45.	2993.	0.49	0.02	86.02	*****	16800.	85.53
-4920.	12.	262.	435808.	1.00	0.00	0.01	0.26	5.61	
SYN5 :XS	180.	288.	4721.	0.65	0.27	86.38	*****	16800.	85.73
-4740.	180.	754.	426555.	3.31	0.08	0.00	0.36	3.56	
SYN4 :XS	180.	364.	5914.	0.50	0.25	86.63	*****	16800.	86.13
-4560.	180.	972.	471836.	3.96	0.00	0.00	0.32	2.84	

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.  
 "TEMP3"                    KRATIO = 2.18

TEMP3:XS	750.	303.	18814.	0.05	0.44	87.07	*****	16800.	87.01
-3810.	750.	1995.	1030487.	4.37	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.89	
TEMP2:XS	1330.	83.	19220.	0.05	0.32	87.38	*****	16800.	87.33
-2480.	1156.	1806.	1002404.	4.59	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.87	
TEMP1:XS	1330.	90.	16369.	0.06	0.33	87.72	*****	16800.	87.65
-1150.	1095.	1486.	935302.	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.10	1.03	
EXIT :XS	750.	86.	17189.	0.05	0.24	87.96	*****	16800.	87.91
-400.	750.	1595.	926258.	3.59	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.98	
FULV :FV	400.	103.	18900.	0.05	0.10	88.07	*****	16800.	88.02
0.	400.	1809.	1172822.	3.84	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.89	

<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.  
 "APPR "                    KRATIO = 1.59

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

```

APPR :AS      565.      0.    32486.  0.01  0.07   88.14  *****  16800.   88.13
          565.    565.  2662. 1869308.  2.24  0.00   0.00   0.04   0.52
          <<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>
    
```

WSPRO                   FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
V060188                   MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700   (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S File name: fish.i77  
Chester County, South Carolina TDF 4/21/94  
\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

<<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	400.	5.	4669.	0.34	0.25	88.40	78.06	16800.	88.06
	0.	400.	639510.	1.68	0.19	0.00	0.22	3.60	
TYPE PPCD FLOW		C	P/A	LSEL	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB		
3.	1.	1.	0.772	0.022	93.50	*****	*****	*****	

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPR :AS	400.	0.	33955.	0.01	0.17	88.69	77.70	16800.	88.68
	565.	573.	2664.	2004502.	2.20	0.13	0.00	0.04	0.49
M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL				
0.862	0.756	488250.	762.	1128.	88.65				

<<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>>

WSPRO                   FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
V060188                   MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700   (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S File name: fish.i77  
Chester County, South Carolina TDF 4/21/94  
\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94 14:52

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
TEMP8:XS	*****	118.	9232.	0.49	*****	87.19	75.22	24600.	86.70
-7030.	*****	853.	710048.	4.40	*****	*****	0.28	2.66	
TEMP7:XS	750.	118.	9239.	0.49	0.90	88.10	*****	24600.	87.61
-6280.	750.	853.	710602.	4.40	0.00	0.01	0.28	2.66	
SYN6 :XS	1000.	262.	7599.	0.67	1.34	89.52	*****	24600.	88.85
-5280.	1000.	929.	637875.	4.11	0.09	0.00	0.34	3.24	

# WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

RTMP1:XS	348.	30.	3804.	0.65	0.55	90.08	*****	24600.	89.43
	-4932.	348.	269.	596875.	1.00	0.00	0.27	6.47	
RTMP2:XS	12.	30.	3808.	0.65	0.02	90.11	*****	24600.	89.46
	-4920.	12.	269.	597495.	1.00	0.00	0.01	0.27	6.46
SYN5 :XS	180.	170.	6868.	0.79	0.30	90.48	*****	24600.	89.68
	-4740.	180.	789.	606806.	3.98	0.07	0.00	0.38	3.58
SYN4 :XS	180.	251.	8727.	0.56	0.26	90.75	*****	24600.	90.18
	-4560.	180.	1033.	689704.	4.56	0.00	0.01	0.32	2.82

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.  
"TEMP3" KRATIO = 2.30

TEMP3:XS	750.	169.	26123.	0.05	0.41	91.16	*****	24600.	91.11
	-3810.	750.	2036.	1589126.	3.88	0.00	0.09	0.94	
TEMP2:XS	1330.	46.	26397.	0.05	0.28	91.44	*****	24600.	91.39
	-2480.	1141.	1857.	1564779.	3.89	0.00	0.08	0.93	
TEMP1:XS	1330.	50.	22144.	0.07	0.29	91.74	*****	24600.	91.67
	-1150.	1083.	1523.	1422434.	3.46	0.01	0.09	1.11	
EXIT :XS	750.	49.	23373.	0.05	0.22	91.96	*****	24600.	91.91
	-400.	750.	1628.	1437230.	3.12	0.00	0.09	1.05	
FULV :FV	400.	59.	25877.	0.05	0.09	92.06	*****	24600.	92.01
	0.	400.	1847.	1827208.	3.36	0.00	0.08	0.95	

<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.  
"APPR " KRATIO = 1.60

APPR :AS	565.	0.	43098.	0.01	0.06	92.12	*****	24600.	92.11
	565.	565.	2672.	2927280.	2.00	0.00	0.04	0.57	

<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

WSPRO                      FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
V060188                    MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS

Structure #: 121007710700/30700      (400 ft Twin Bridge)  
Fishing Creek at I-77 N&S    File name: fish.i77  
Chester County, South Carolina    TDF 4/21/94  
\*\*\* RUN DATE & TIME: 04-21-94    14:52

<<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
	SRD	FLEN	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	400.	1.	6028.	0.45	0.23	92.46	80.02	24600.	92.02
	0.	400.	386.	891294.	1.73	0.27	0.24	4.08	



WSPRO OUTPUT --Continued

TYPE	PPCD	FLOW	C	P/A	LSEL	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
3.	1.	1.	0.760	0.021	93.50	*****	*****	*****

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPR :AS	400.	0.	44791.	0.01	0.16	92.75	78.33	24600.	92.74
565.	576.	2674.	3112984.	1.98	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.55	
M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL				
0.856	0.768	721536.	758.	1143.	92.72				

<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>

ER

NORMAL END OF WSPRO EXECUTION.

PIER SCOUR COMPUTATIONS  
 FOR  
 FISHING CREEK AT I-77 N&S STR. 121007710700/30700 CHESTER CO., SC  
 CASE 1 (without debris) Q100 = 16800 cfs 4/29/94 TDF

---

HYDRAULIC VARIABLES USED IN CSU EQUATION

PIER NUMBER	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
PIER STATION (FT)	50	100	150	200	250	300	350
LOCATION OF PIER	lfp	ltb	mcm	rfp	rfp	rfp	rfp
Y1: DEPTH (FT)	12.9	23.0	23.0	23.0	12.8	12.4	9.4
V1: VEL. (FPS)	3.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	3.5	3.5	3.5
a: PIER WIDTH (FT)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
L: PIER LENGTH (FT)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
PIER SHAPE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ATTACK ANGLE	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
K1 (SHAPE COEF.)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
K2 (ANGLE COEF.)	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
FROUDE NO.	0.17	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.17	0.18	0.20

COMPUTED SCOUR DEPTHS USING CSU EQUATION

SCOUR DEPTH (FT)	5.97	7.77	7.77	7.77	6.00	5.97	5.75
MAX SCOUR DEPTH (FT)	6.57	8.54	8.54	8.54	6.60	6.57	6.33

"MAX SCOUR DEPTH" includes an additional 10 percent of the computed CSU scour depth as recommended in HEC 18

CONTRACTION SCOUR COMPUTATIONS  
 FOR  
 FISHING CREEK AT I-77 N&S STR. 121007710700/30700 CHESTER CO., SC  
 CASE 1 (without debris) Q100 = 16800 cfs 4/29/94 TDF

---

LIVE-BED SCOUR COMPUTATIONS

	MAIN CHANNEL	CONTRACTED SECTION
DISCHARGE (CFS)	2540.	12200.
BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	85.0	113.0
MANNINGS n	0.051	0.051
AVERAGE DEPTH (FT)	21.3	

ENERGY SLOPE	0.00051
D50 (FT)	0.0016
FALL VELOCITY (FPS)	0.23
K1 COEF.	0.69
K2 COEF.	0.37

COMPUTED DEPTH AT CONTRACTED SECTION (FT)	=	67.1
DEPTH AT MAIN CHANNEL (FT)	=	21.3
DEPTH OF CONTRACTION SCOUR (FT)	=	45.8

LEFT OVERBANK IN BRIDGE OPENING  
 CLEAR-WATER CONTRACTION SCOUR COMPUTATIONS

DISCHARGE IN CONTRACTED SECTION (CFS)	=	1100.
WIDTH OF CONTRACTED SECTION (FT)	=	32.5
MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE (FT)	=	0.0020

COMPUTED DEPTH OF CONTRACTED SECTION (FT)	=	15.6
AVERAGE FLOOD PLAIN DEPTH (FT)	=	13.0
DEPTH OF CONTRACTION SCOUR (FT)	=	2.6

RIGHT OVERBANK IN BRIDGE OPENING  
 CLEAR-WATER CONTRACTION SCOUR COMPUTATIONS

DISCHARGE IN CONTRACTED SECTION (CFS)	=	3530.
WIDTH OF CONTRACTED SECTION (FT)	=	134.0
MEDIAN GRAIN SIZE (FT)	=	0.0020

COMPUTED DEPTH OF CONTRACTED SECTION (FT)	=	12.6
AVERAGE FLOOD PLAIN DEPTH (FT)	=	12.7
DEPTH OF CONTRACTION SCOUR (FT)	=	-0.1

PIER SCOUR COMPUTATIONS  
 FOR  
 FISHING CREEK AT I-77 N&S STR. 121007710700/30700 CHESTER CO., SC  
 CASE 1 (without debris) Q500 = 24600 cfs 4/29/94 TDF

---

HYDRAULIC VARIABLES USED IN CSU EQUATION

PIER NUMBER	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
PIER STATION (FT)	50	100	150	200	250	300	350
LOCATION OF PIER	lfp	ltb	mcm	rfp	rfp	rfp	rfp
Y1: DEPTH (FT)	16.8	27.0	27.0	27.0	16.8	16.4	13.4
V1: VEL. (FPS)	5.3	6.5	6.5	6.5	3.0	3.0	3.0
a: PIER WIDTH (FT)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
L: PIER LENGTH (FT)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
PIER SHAPE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ATTACK ANGLE	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
K1 (SHAPE COEF.)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
K2 (ANGLE COEF.)	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
FROUDE NO.	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.13	0.13	0.14

COMPUTED SCOUR DEPTHS USING CSU EQUATION

SCOUR DEPTH (FT)	7.42	8.59	8.59	8.59	5.79	5.77	5.61
MAX SCOUR DEPTH (FT)	8.16	9.45	9.45	9.45	6.36	6.34	6.17

"MAX SCOUR DEPTH" includes an additional 10 percent of the computed CSU scour depth as recommended in HEC 18





INDEX OF SHEETS

- 1. TITLE SHEET
- 2. WELDING STANDARD
- 3. STANDARD NOTES
- 4. STANDARD DETAILS
- 5. TYPICAL SECTION-APPROACHES
- 6. ROAD PLAN & PROFILE
- 7. BRIDGE PLAN & PROFILE
- 8. END BENT 1&9
- 9. INT. BENTS 2-8
- 10. 50' END & INT. SPAN SUPERSTRUCTURE
- 11. 50' SUPERSTRUCTURE DETAILS
- 12. 50' PRESTRESSED BEAM DETAILS
- 13. BARRIER PARAPET
- 14. JOINT DETAILS
- 15. APPROACH SLAB WITH FLARED CURB & GUTTER
- 16. PIPE SLOPE DRAINS

SOUTH CAROLINA  
 STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT  
 COLUMBIA

PLAN AND PROFILE OF PROPOSED  
 STATE HIGHWAY

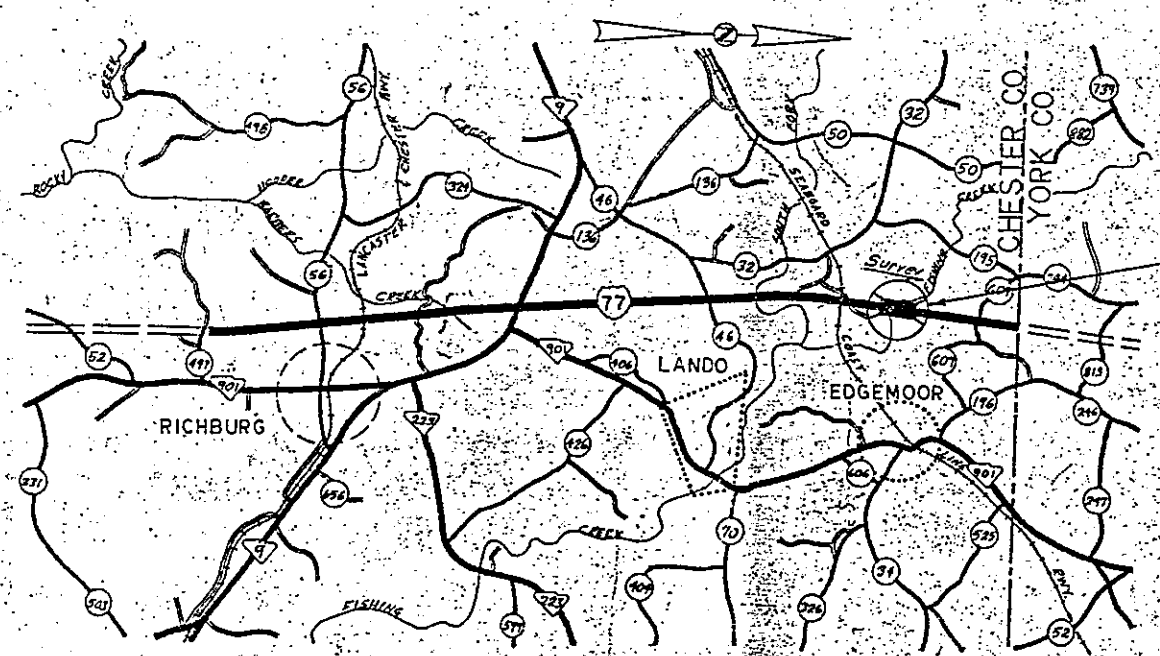
F.A. PROJECT NO. I-77-1(31)  
 FILE NO. 12.4774  
 ROUTE I-77  
 CHESTER COUNTY  
 TWIN BRIDGES OVER  
 FISHING CREEK

STATE DIV. NO.	STATE	COUNTY	SCALE NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	ROUTE	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
3	S. C.	CHESTER	2.477.4	I-77-1(31)	I-77	12	1635

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

CONCRETE, CLASS "A"	1,529.6	C.Y.
REINFORCING STEEL	356,142	LBS.
50' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAMS (3'-0")	128	EA.
*STEEL BEARING PILES (HP 12 X 53)	8,740	L.F.
8 IN. PIPE SLOPE DRAIN	85	L.F.
INTAKE SPILLWAY ASSEMBLY	2	EA.
STRUCTURAL STEEL (SWAY BRACES)	19,763	LBS.

\*Note: Structural Steel in piles shall contain not less than 0.20% Copper.



Construct 400'-0" (R.C. & Prestr. Brn. Type II) Twin Bridges From Sta. 3991+25.00 to Sta. 3995+25.00 over Fishing Creek & Constn 30'-0" Approach Slabs at each end of each Bridge.

LAYOUT

Net Length of Roadway	0.000 Miles
Net Length of Bridges	0.075 Miles
Net Length of Project	0.075 Miles
Length of Exceptions	0.000 Miles
Gross Length of Project	0.075 Miles

LEGEND

PROPOSED PROJECT

OTHER ROADS

CONVENTIONAL SIGNS

State Line	Trolley Poles
County Line	Power Poles
City or Town Limits	Telephone or Telegraph Poles
Property Line	Marsh
Grading	Trees
Existing Road	Brush
Proposed Road	Slumps
Right of Way Lines of Proposed Road	Buildings
Highway	Bridge
Embankment	Concrete Box Culvert
Grade	Pipe Culvert
Grade	Drop Inlet and Culvert
Grade	Hub on Center Line

APPROVED:

*E. S. [Signature]* 5/23/77

STATE HIGHWAY ENGINEER DATE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
 BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

APPROVED:

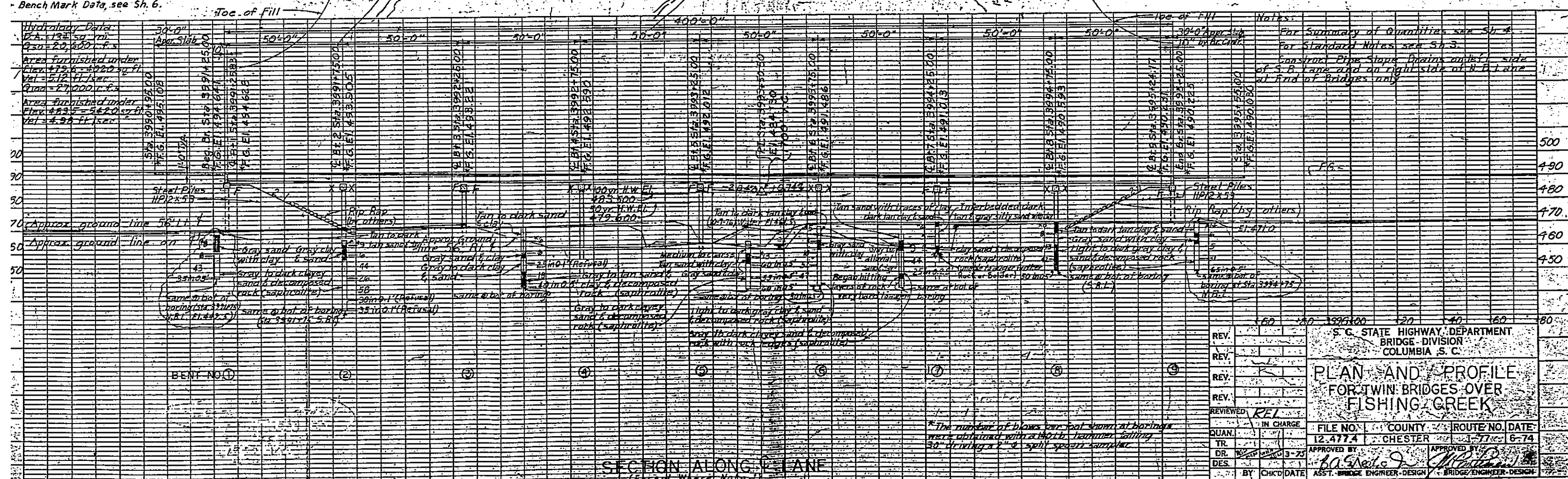
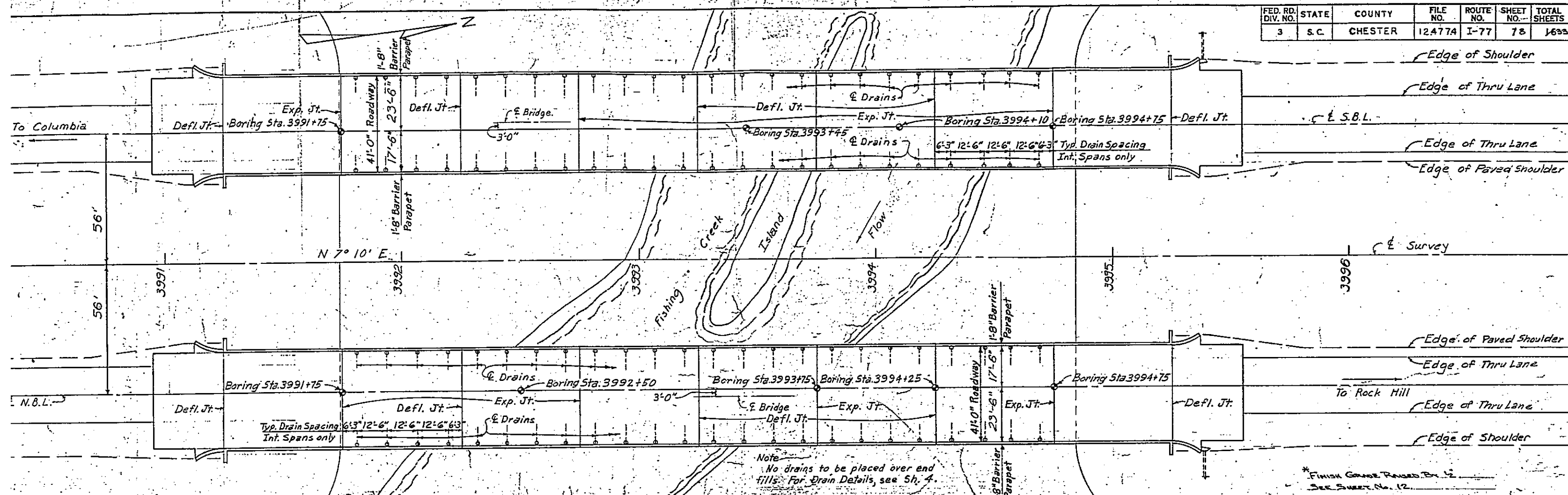
DISTRICT ENGINEER DATE

RECOMMENDED BY:

*M. [Signature]* 5/23/77







SECTION ALONG CENTERLINE

REV. [ ] IN CHARGE

REV. [ ]

REV. [ ]

REV. [ ]

REVIEWED: REL

QUAN. [ ]

TR. [ ]

DR. [ ]

DES. [ ]

BY: CHK'D DATE

S.C. STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT  
BRIDGE DIVISION  
COLUMBIA, S.C.

PLAN AND PROFILE  
FOR TWIN BRIDGES OVER  
FISHING CREEK

FILE NO. 12-4774 COUNTY CHESTER ROUTE NO. I-77 DATE 6-74

APPROVED BY: [Signature] ASST. BRIDGE ENGINEER-DESIGN

APPROVED BY: [Signature] BRIDGE ENGINEER-DESIGN



# PILE RECORD ON FILE NO. 12474 - N.B. BRIDGE

FED. ROAD DIST. NO.	STATE	COUNTY	FILE NO.	ROUTE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
13	S.C.	CHARLOTTE	12474	171	15	35

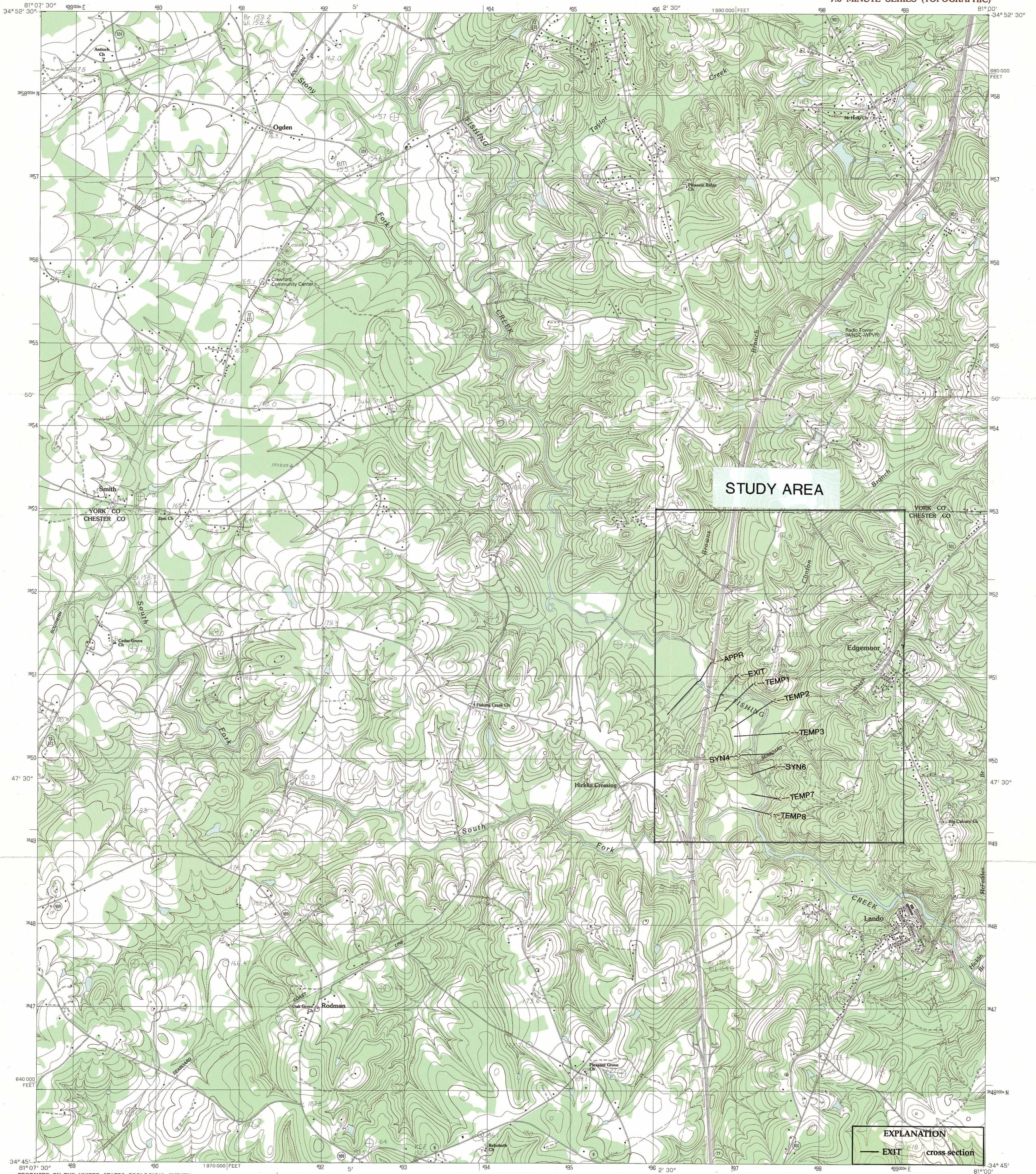
WEIGHT OF HAMMER 2250 LBS TYPE ~~K-6~~ 13

NO.	FOOTING	PILE NO.	DIAM. AT BUTT	DIAM. AT TIP	ORIG. LENGTH	BUILD-UP OR SPLICE	TOTAL LENGTH	LENGTH C.O.	NET LENGTH	ELEV. C.O.	ELEV. OF TIP WHEN BEARING VALUE IS OBTAINED	ELEV. PILE TIP	ELEV. ORIG. GROUND OR BOTTOM OF FOOTING	PEN. IN GROUND OR BELOW FOOTING	PEN. PER BLOW	FALL OF HAMMER	BEARING VALUE	PAY LENGTH	C.O. @ 40 %	DATE	BENT NO.	FOOTING	PILE NO.	DIAM. AT BUTT	DIAM. AT TIP	ORIG. LENGTH	BUILD-UP OR SPLICE	TOTAL LENGTH	LENGTH C.O.	NET LENGTH	ELEV. C.O.	ELEV. OF TIP WHEN PLAN BEARING VALUE IS OBTAINED	ELEV. PILE TIP	ELEV. ORIG. GROUND OR BOTTOM OF FOOTING	PEN. IN GROUND OR BELOW FOOTING	PEN. PER BLOW	FALL OF HAMMER	BEARING VALUE	PAY LENGTH	C.O. @ 40 %
New River Bridge																																								
1			400	0	400	0	400	64	336	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	32.1	.25	7.5	44.7	456		2-11	6	1				400	0	400	23	377	455.235	449.935	447.935	459.935	12.4	.25	5.0	40.7	377	
2			400	0	400	0	400	75	325	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	31.0	.3	5.0	41.5	445		2-10		2							6.7	393	457.285	451.985	460.935	5.0	.175	5.5	37.0	393		
3			400	0	400	0	400	61	339	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	31.4	.25	5.5	43.5	450		2-11		3							5.5	383	457.285	452.985	462.935	9.1	.225	5.0	42.0	383		
4			400	0	400	0	400	57	343	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	32.8	.25	5.5	44.7	445		2-11		4							7.4	376	457.285	452.635	464.935	11.8	.25	5.5	44.7	376		
5			400	0	400	0	400	61	339	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	32.8	.3	5.0	44.7	440		2-10		5							8.3	367	457.285	452.335	466.935	11.7	.225	5.0	43.8	367		
6			400	0	400	0	400	62	338	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	32.2	.25	5.5	44.7	435		2-10		6							4.1	359	457.285	449.935	466.935	16.7	.225	5.0	43.8	359		
7			400	0	400	0	400	71	329	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	31.6	.3	5.0	43.5	430		2-11		7							1.9	352	457.285	448.035	467.935	20.2	.15	5.5	44.7	352		
Sum Total			2800	0	2800	0	2800	443	2359	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	31.6	.25	5.0	43.5	349		2-11		8							4.3	347	457.285	447.935	468.935	16.2	.225	5.5	44.7	347		
																	A1				2-10		9							1.9	347	457.285	447.935	468.935	26.0	.15	5.5	44.7	347	
																					2-10		10							4.5	347	457.285	447.935	468.935	26.0	.25	5.0	44.7	347	
																					2-11		11							4.1	345	457.285	447.935	468.935	26.0	.25	5.0	44.7	345	
1			400	0	400	0	400	84	316	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.0	.25	5.0	37.8	324		2-11		6	Sum Total				400.0	1.5	401.5	48.2	553.0	457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.0	42.0	553	
2			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.0	42.0	400		
3			400	0	400	0	400	2.1	398	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	20.2	.25	5.0	40.7	300		2-11											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.0	42.0	300		
4			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	26.9	.25	6.0	48.8	450		2-12	7	1				400	0	400	9.0	391	457.285	454.635	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	391		
5			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		2							10.0	380	457.285	454.335	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	380		
6			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		3							10.7	370	457.285	454.035	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	370		
7			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		4							10.7	360	457.285	453.735	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	360		
8			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		5							10.7	350	457.285	453.435	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	350		
9			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		6							10.7	340	457.285	453.135	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	340		
10			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.1	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-11		7							10.7	330	457.285	452.835	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	330		
Sum Total			4000	0	4000	0	4000	212	3822	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	21.0	.15	6.0	48.8	450		2-11		8							5.3	347	457.285	450.035	470.285	20.1	.225	5.0	43.8	347		
																	A1				2-11		9							4.7	345	457.285	449.735	470.285	21.0	.225	5.0	43.8	345	
																					2-11		10							4.1	343	457.285	449.435	470.285	21.0	.225	5.0	43.8	343	
																					2-12	7	Sum Total				400	0	400	7.4	335	457.285	449.135	470.285	19.6	.225	5.0	42.0	335	
1			400	0	400	0	400	4.7	393	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	19.1	.25	5.0	44.7	370		2-12											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.0	42.0	370		
2			400	0	400	0	400	9.1	349	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	18.7	.25	6.5	46.3	360		2-12									7.5	352	457.285	456.935	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	352		
3			400	0	400	0	400	2.3	397	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	24.0	.25	6.0	48.8	420		2-12											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	420		
4			400	0	400	0	400	3.3	387	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	20.7	.25	5.0	40.7	380		2-12											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	380		
5			400	0	400	0	400	7.1	349	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.7	.25	5.0	40.7	380		2-12									7.1	340	457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	340		
6			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.8	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-12									6.6	345	457.285	456.935	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	345		
7			400	0	400	0	400	0	400	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.8	.225	5.0	43.8	400		2-12									7.0	340	457.285	456.635	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	340		
8			400	0	400	0	400	4.7	393	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	23.8	.25	5.0	44.7	380		2-12									4.4	330	457.285	456.335	470.285	21.6	.225	5.5	42.0	330		
9			400	0	400	0	400	9.1	349	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.1	.25	6.0	46.3	370		2-12									4.1	320	457.285	456.035	470.285	22.1	.2	5.5	42.0	320		
10			400	0	400	0	400	9.1	349	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.1	.25	5.0	43.8	370		2-12									9.0	310	457.285	455.735	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	310		
Sum Total			4000	0	4000	0	4000	42	352	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	19.2	.25	5.5	44.7	405		2-12									7.9	300	457.285	455.435	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	300		
																	A1				2-12		10							6.0	300	457.285	455.135	470.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	300	
1			400	0	400	0	400	0.2	397	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	15.8	.25	5.0	40.7	417		2-12											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	417		
2			400	0	400	0	400	3.2	367	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.8	.25	5.0	40.7	427		2-12											457.285	457.285	457.285	19.6	.225	5.5	42.0	427		
3			400	0	400	0	400	1.8	392	457.285	457.285	457.285	457.285	16.2	.25	5.0	43.8	402		2-12											457.									









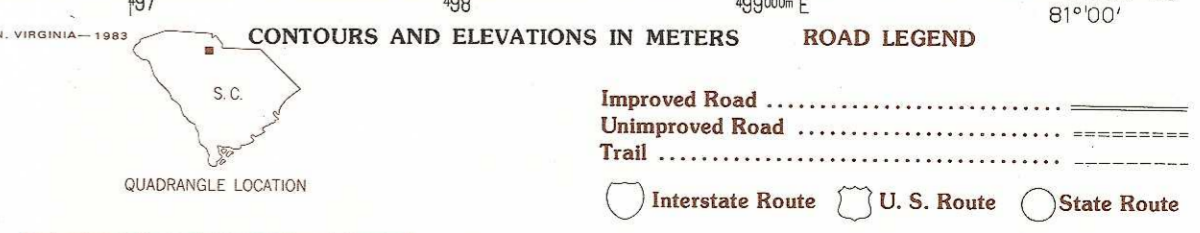
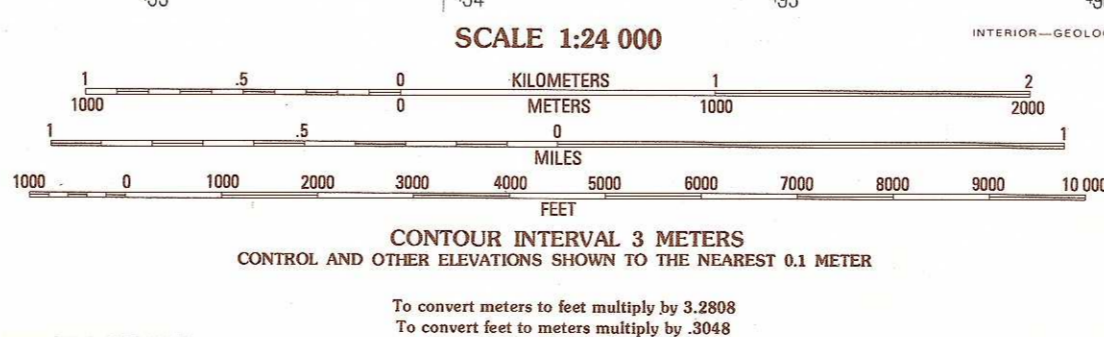
STUDY AREA

EXPLANATION

EXIT cross section

PRODUCED BY THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
CONTROL BY: USGS AND NOS/NOAA  
COMPILED FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN: 1979  
FIELD CHECKED: 1980 MAP EDITED: 1982  
PROJECTION: LAMBERT CONFORMAL CONIC  
GRID: 1000-METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR  
10,000-FOOT STATE GRID TICKS: SOUTH CAROLINA, NORTH ZONE  
UTM GRID DECLINATION: 042' WEST  
1982 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION: 4' WEST  
VERTICAL DATUM: NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929  
HORIZONTAL DATUM: 1927 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM  
To place on the predicted North American Datum of 1983,  
move the projection lines as shown by dashed corner ticks  
(11 meters south and 17 meters west)  
There may be private inholdings within the boundaries of any  
Federal and State Reservations shown on this map

PROVISIONAL MAP  
Produced from original  
manuscript drawings. Infor-  
mation shown as of date of  
field check



1	2	3	1	Tirzah
2	3	4	2	Rock Hill West
3	4	5	3	Rock Hill East
4	5	6	4	Lowrya
5	6	7	5	Catawba
6	7	8	6	Chester
7	8		7	Richburg
8			8	Fort Lawn

ADJOINING 7.5' QUADRANGLE NAMES

Figure 1.--Topography of study area and location of cross-sections used in  
WSPRO analysis for structure 121007710700/30700 on Interstate 77,  
crossing Fishing Creek in Chester County, South Carolina.

EDGEMOOR, S. C.  
PROVISIONAL EDITION 1982

34081-G1-TM-024